Safety Data Sheet

Product Identifier

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier KD169D KNOCK DOWN ECO Crawling Insect Control & Killer Bait Powder

Other Means of Identification

KD169D

Recommended Use Restrictions on Use

Insecticide None Known

Manufacturer

Company Name Kuus Inc.

Address 450 Tapscott Road

Scarborough, ON M1B 1Y4

Canada

Telephone General Assistance 1-416-298-7724

Initial Supplier Not available.

Emergency Telephone CA

Number

CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832

1-613-996-6666

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

OSHA GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION	Not classified as hazardous	
HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED	None	
LABEL ELEMENTS	No GHS labeling required	

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT IDENTIFICATION	APPROXIMATE CONCENTRATION (%)	C.A.S. NUMBERS	EINECS
Diatomaceous Earth			
	95%	61790-53-2	612-383-7
			N/A
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	< 1%	14808-60-7	
Piperonyl Butoxide			N/A
	1-5%	51-03-6	
			N/A
Pyrethrins	0.1-1%	8003-34-7	

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

EYE	Flush eyes with generous quantities of water or eye rinse solution. Consult physician if irritation persists.		
SKIN	Use moisture renewing lotions if dryness occurs.		
INGESTION	Drink generous amounts of water to reduce bulk and drying effects.		
INHALATION	Remove to fresh air. Blow nose to evacuate dust.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Dust may cause abrasive irritation to eyes. Prolonged skin contact may cause dryness. Dust may cause nose, throat and upper respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged inhalation of high concentration of dust may cause lung effects		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary	Immediate medical attention is not normally required. If dust irritates the eyes, seek medical attention.		

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Not applicable, the material is not combustible.	
SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL	Not applicable, the material is not combustible.	
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS	Not applicable, the material is not combustible.	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS	If dust is present, use respirator fitted with particulate filter as specified in Section 8. Protect eyes with goggles.	
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS	This material is not a significant environmental concern.	
METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP	Vacuum clean spillage, wet sweep or wash away. Avoid creating dust. Place in a container for use or disposal.	

Notes

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING	Minimize dust generation. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Repair or dispose of broken bags. Observe all label precautions and warnings.	
CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE	Store in a dry place to maintain packaging integrity and product quality. Do not store near hydrofluoric acid or strongly basic solutions.	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

COMPONENTS	TYPE	VALUE
Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7)	TWA	5mg/m3
Canada. Alberta OEL's, British Columbia OEL's, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec		

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:					
Component		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	MSHA PEL	NIOSH REL
Diatomaceous Earth, Natural (kieselguhr)		80 mg/m ³ % SiO ₂ total dust	None Established	5 mg/m³	6 mg/m ³
ENGINEERING CONTROLS	Use general or local exhaust ventilation to control dust within recommended exposure limits. Refer to ACGIH publication "Industrial Ventilation" or similar publications for design of ventilation systems.				
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:					
EYE / FACE PROTECTION	Goggles to protect from dust				
SKIN PROTECTION	No special equipment is needed.				
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	If the exposure limits are exceeded, a NIOSH approved respirator appropriate for the form and concentration of the contaminants should be used. For example, if the dust concentration is less than ten (10) times the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL), use a quarter or half-mask respirator with an N95 dust filter or a single-use dust mask rated N95. Selection and use of respiratory equipment must be in accordance with OSHA 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4 and good industrial hygiene practice.				
GENERAL HYGIENE	Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands after handling and before eating or drinking.				

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE, COLOR	Buff to off white powder	ODOR	Odorless
PHYSICAL STATE	Solid	ODOR THRESHOLD	Not applicable
VAPOR PRESSURE	Not applicable	VAPOR DENSITY	Not applicable
BOILING POINT	Not applicable	MELTING POINT	> 1300° C
FLASH POINT	Not applicable	pH (10% SUSPENSION)	6-8
FLAMMABILITY LIMITS	Not applicable	EVAPORATION RATE	Not applicable
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE	> 1300° C	SPEC. GRAVITY / RELATIVE DENSITY	2.0
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE	Not applicable	PARTITION COEFFICIENT – n- OCTANOL/WATER	Not applicable
FLAMMABILITY (solid/gas)	Not applicable	SOLUBILITY - WATER	< 2%
		VISCOSITY	Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY	Material is not reactive.
CHEMICAL STABILITY	Material is stable.
POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS	Material is not reactive.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Not applicable
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS	Products containing silica may react violently with hydrofluoric acid and strongly basic solutions.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	Not applicable

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS	See below and Section 11 for additional information		
Likely Routes of Exposure	See below		
EYE	May cause irritation (tear formation and redness) if dust gets in eyes.		
SKIN	Not absorbed by the skin, but may cause dryness if prolonged exposure.		
INGESTION	Ingestion of small to moderate quantities is not considered harmful, but may cause irritation of the mouth, throat and stomach.		
INHALATION	Acute inhalation can cause dryness of the nasal passage and lung congestion, coughing and general throat irritation. Chronic inhalation of dust should be avoided.		
CHRONIC EFFECTS	Chronic inhalation of dust in excess of the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) established by OSHA over a prolonged number of years may cause lung changes.		
NTP	Diatomaceous Earth, Natural is not classified as a carcinogen.		
IARC	Diatomaceous Earth, Natural is not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans (Group 3).		
NUMERICAL MEASURES OF TOXICITY	No data available		

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Dermal LD50

Components Species

		Test Results
Distillates (petroleum), Hydro	treated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
		> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 7.5 mg/l, 6 Hours
		> 4.6 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes
		52 %, 120 Minutes
	Rat	1355 mg/l
Piperonyl Butoxide (CAS 51-	03-6)	
<u>Acute</u>		

> 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 5.2 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes

52 %, 120 Minutes

Components Species Test Results

Rat 1355 mg/l

658 /l/4h

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components Species Test Results

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Piperonyl Butoxide (CAS 51-03-6)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 0.0027 - 0.0043 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7)

Aquatic

 Crustacea
 EC50
 Water flea (Daphnia)
 0.018 - 0.032 mg/l, 48 hours

 Fish
 LC50
 Brown trout (Salmo trutta)
 0.0165 - 0.0229 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Isobutane2.76Piperonyl Butoxide4.75Propane2.36

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL	If this material as supplied becomes a waste, use solid waste disposal common to landfill type operations or in slurry to sumps. Not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA (4OCFR Part 261).		
PACKAGING DISPOSAL	Dispose of in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, typically solid waste disposal common to landfill type operations.		

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

BASIC SHIPPING INFORMATION	DOT shipping classification 55 (no restrictions). Technical name is "Diatomaceous Earth".
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	No special requirements or placarding necessary.

Marine pollutant



SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canadian regulations

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

		0 Health	
4-Extreme 3-High 1 0 2-Moderate 1-Slight	<u>S</u>	0 Flammability	
Z-iviode ate 1-Slight 0-Insignificant	H	0 Reactivity	
		E Protective Equipment	

Date of Latest Revision 06/07/2019

Disclaimer: As of the date of the preparation of this document, the foregoing information is believed to be accurate and is provided in good faith to comply with applicable federal and state laws. No warranty, representation or guaranty of any kind, express or implied, is hereby provided or intended with respect to the completeness of the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by the purchase, resale, use or exposure to our product. Customer users of silica must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations and orders, including OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard.